

LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS-UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN

FACULTY FOR MATHEMATICS, INFORMATICS, AND STATISTICS DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

BAVARIAN AI CHAIR "MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE"



Rethinking Intelligence: Next Generation Computing for a Sustainable Al Future

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(also DLR – German Aerospace Center & University of Tromsø, Norway)

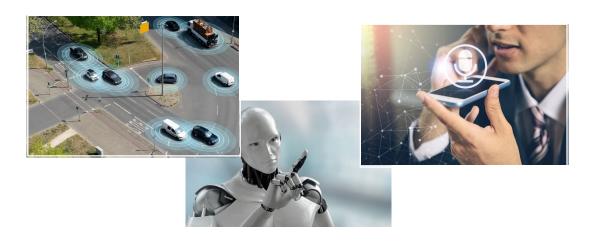
Al for Good Global Summit Geneva, 8.-11.7.2025



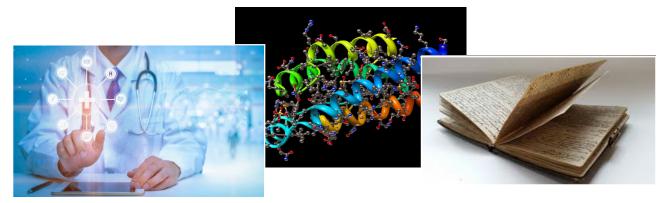
Forschungsgemeinschaft

Fourth Industrial Revolution by Artificial Intelligence









Radical Change of our Society in its Full Breadth!



Challenges in Artificial Intelligence: Reliability







Example:

Accidents involving robots





Problems with Security

Example:

Risks of hacking into AI systems



Problems with Privacy

Example:

Privacy violations of health data



Problems with Responsibility

Example:

Black-box and biased decisions

Current major problem worldwide:

Lack of reliability of Al technology!



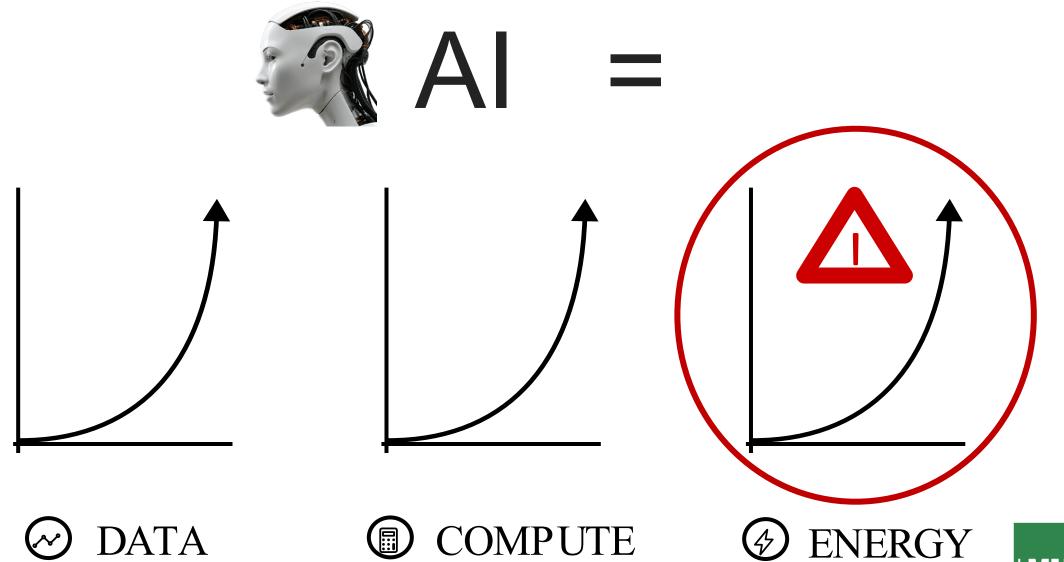


Deep understanding from a mathematical perspective!



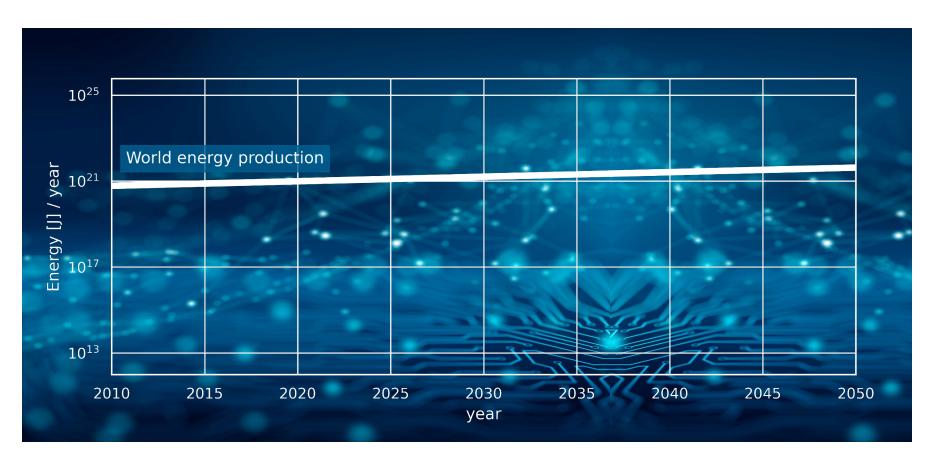
Challenges in Artificial Intelligence: Sustainability





The Energy Problem is even more serious!

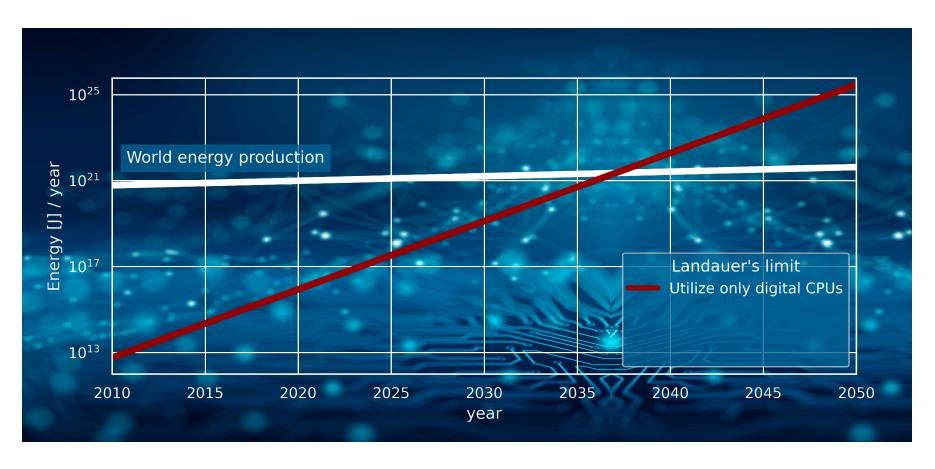






The Energy Problem is even more serious!

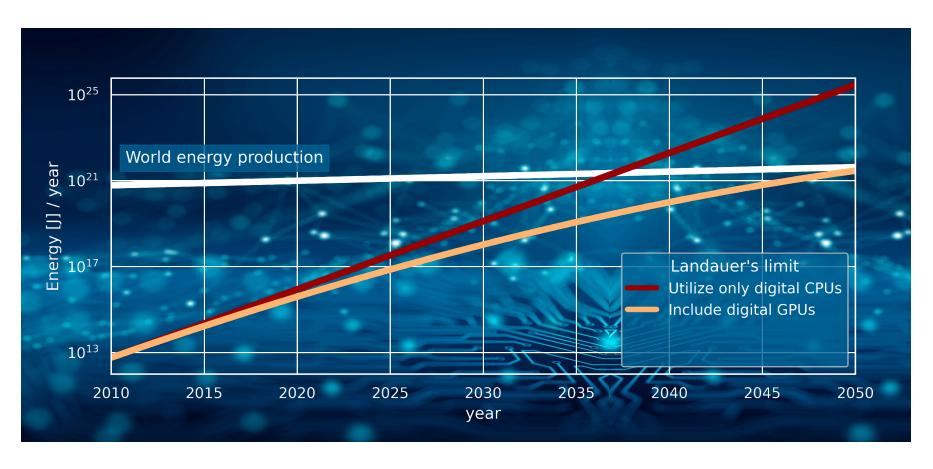






The Energy Problem is even more serious!







Dramatic Consequences



Forbes

Al Is Pushing The World Toward An Energy Crisis

Further Problematic Environmental Impacts:

- Carbon emissions
- Water usage
- Resource depletion such as rare earth elements
- E-Waste
- Loss of biodiversity
- New power plants









Disruptive Novel Ideas are needed!

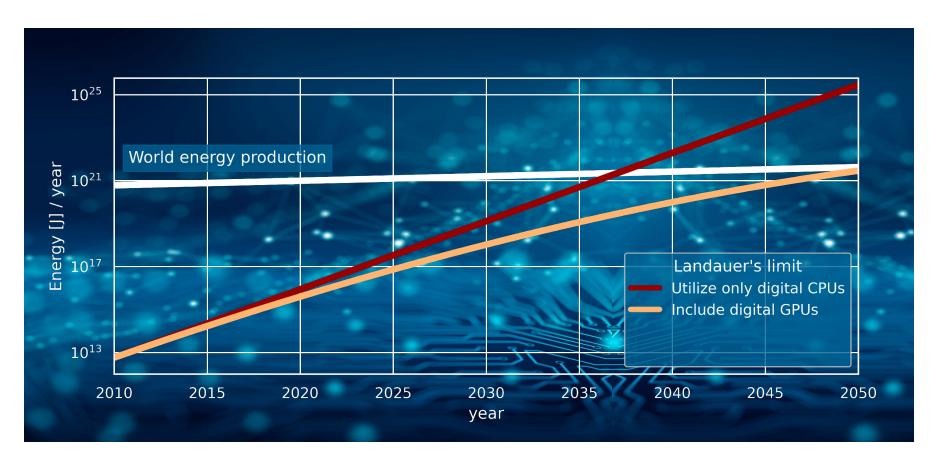




MATH

Be smart: Develop disruptive new hard-software combinations!

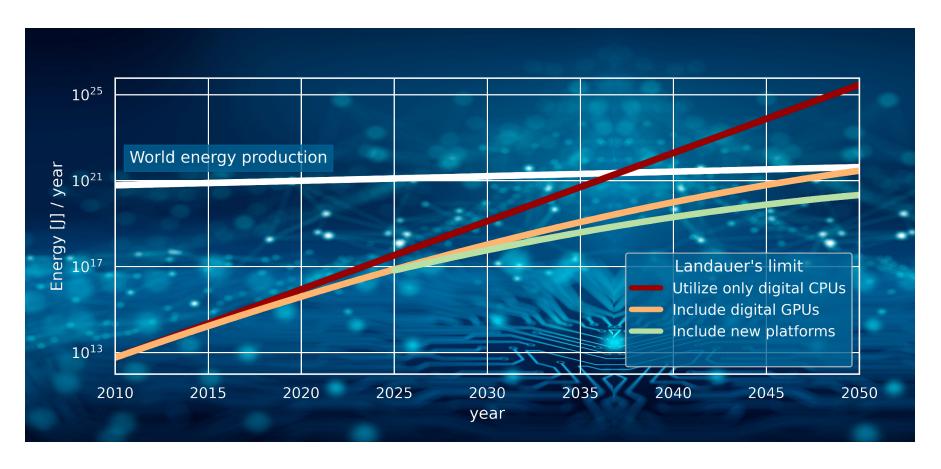






Be smart: Develop disruptive new hard-software combinations!

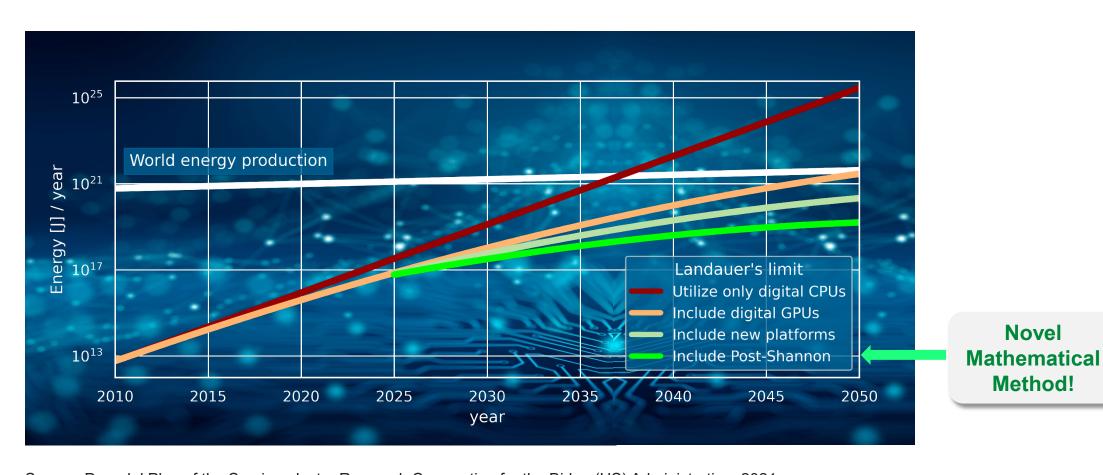






Be smart: Develop disruptive new hard-software combinations!





Source: Decadal Plan of the Semiconductor Research Corporation for the Biden (US) Administration, 2021



Novel

Method!



Al Through the Lens of Mathematics

Deep Neural Networks

Key Goal of McCulloch and Pitts (1943):

→ Introduce *artificial Intelligence!*



Artificial Neurons:

$$f(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \rho\left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i w_i - b\right)$$



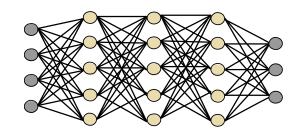
Definition of a Neural Network:

A deep neural network is a function $\Phi \colon \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}^{N_L}$ of the form

$$\Phi(x) = T_L \rho(T_{L-1} \rho(\dots \rho(T_1(x)) \dots)), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^d,$$

with

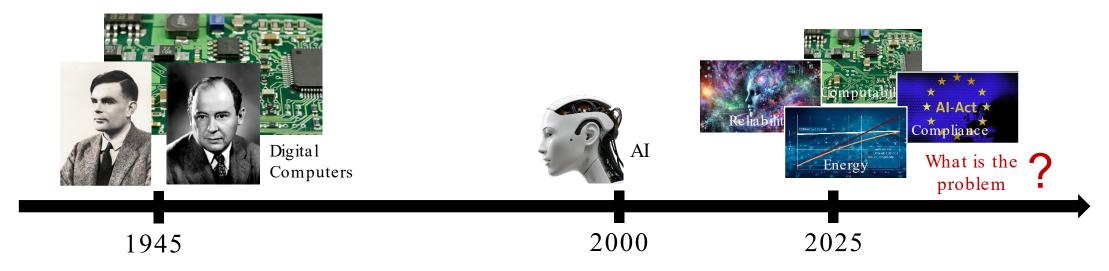
with
$$T_l\colon \mathbb{R}^{N_{l-1}} o \mathbb{R}^{N_l}$$
, $l=1,\ldots,L$, where $T_l(x)=W^{(l)}\,x+b^{(l)}$.





The Evolution of Al







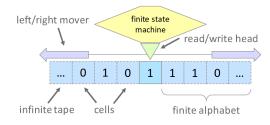


Toward the Core of the Problem...

Delving Deeper

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What can actually be *computed on digital hardware*?



Turing-Machine



A *computable problem (function)* is one for which the input-output relation can be computed on a digital machine for any given accuracy.

What about Non-Computability?

Non-computable problems can be tackled successfully in practice, if limited precision succeeds!

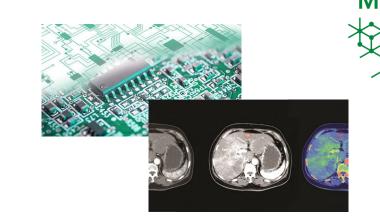




Very Disappointing News: Theoretical View

Theorem (Boche, Fono, Kutyniok; 2024):

The solution of a finite-dimensional inverse problem is *not* (*Turing-*)*computable* (by a deep neural network).



Solution Set: For $A \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times N}$ and $y \in \mathbb{C}^m$ let

$$\Psi(A, y) \coloneqq \underset{x \in \mathbb{C}^N}{\arg \min} \|x\|_1 \text{ such that } \|Ax - y\|_2 \le \epsilon.$$

Theorem (Boche, Fono, Kutyniok; 2024):

Fix parameters $\epsilon \in \left(0, \frac{1}{4}\right)$, $N \geq 2$, and m < N. There does *not exist a (Turing-*)

computable function $\widehat{\Psi}:\mathbb{C}^{m\times \mathbf{N}}\times\mathbb{C}^m\to\mathbb{C}^N$ such that

$$\sup_{(A,y) \in \mathbb{C}^{m \times N} \times \mathbb{C}^m} \left\| \Psi(A,y) - \widehat{\Psi}(A,y) \right\|_2 < \frac{1}{4}.$$





Very Disappointing News: Practical View

MATH *AI

2024 Asilomar Conference on Signals, Systems & Computers

Deep-Unrolling Multidimensional Harmonic Retrieval Algorithms on Neuromorphic Hardware

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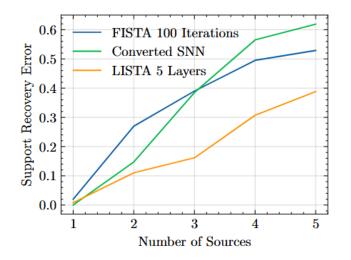
[‡]Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering Imperial College, London, United Kingdom

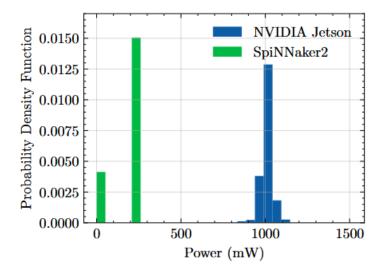
[†]SpiNNcloud Systems GmbH, Dresden, Germany

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[†]{gabriel.bena, mahmoud.akl, matthias.lohrmann}@spinncloud.com,



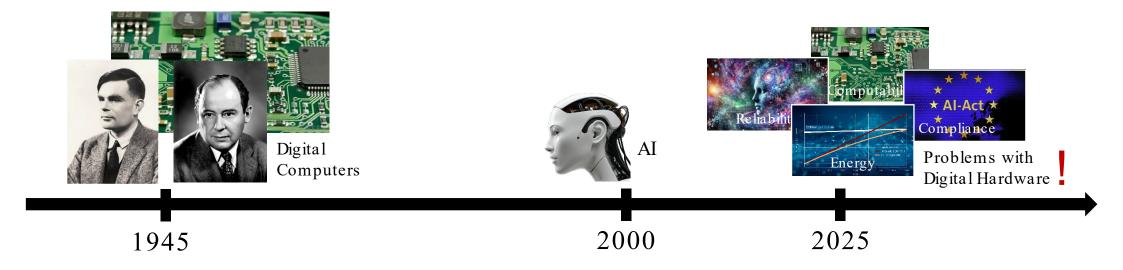






Digital Hardware is a Major Problem!









What now?

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Theory tells us...

Theorem (Boche, Fono, Kutyniok; 2024):

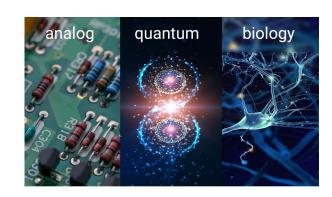
The solution of a finite-dimensional inverse problem is *computable* (by a deep neural network) on an *analog* (*Blum-Shub-Smale*) *machine*!



Reliability for certain problem settings requires novel hardware!

Exciting Future Developments:

- → Neuromorphic computing
- Biocomputing
- Quantum computing





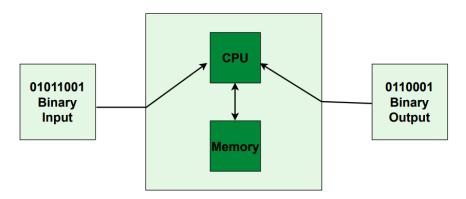
https://www.ecologic-computing.com



Neuromorphic Hardware



Von Neumann architecture



Features of Neuromorphic Hardware:

- → Closer to the human brain.
- → Energy efficiency.
- → Execution speed.
- → Robustness.
- **>** ...



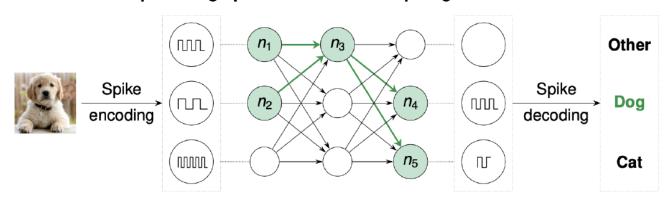
Computations with 20 W & enormously flexible!



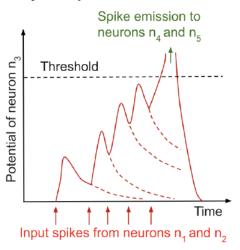
Spiking Neural Networks



Computation graph associated with a spiking neural network



Spike dynamics of neuron n₃



Remarks:

- → More biologically realistic than first and second generation artificial neurons.
- → Information is encoded in the *timing of individual spikes*.
- → Numerous models for spiking neurons exist; one of those is the *Spike Response Model*.

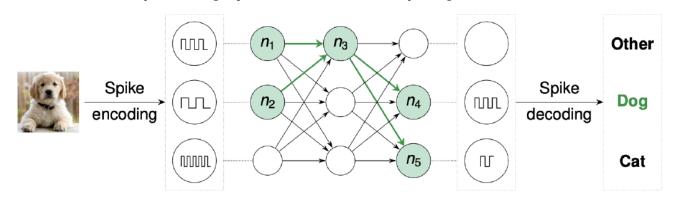
Time is one crucial factor in this model!



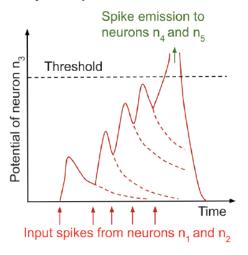
Spiking Neural Networks



Computation graph associated with a spiking neural network



Spike dynamics of neuron n₃



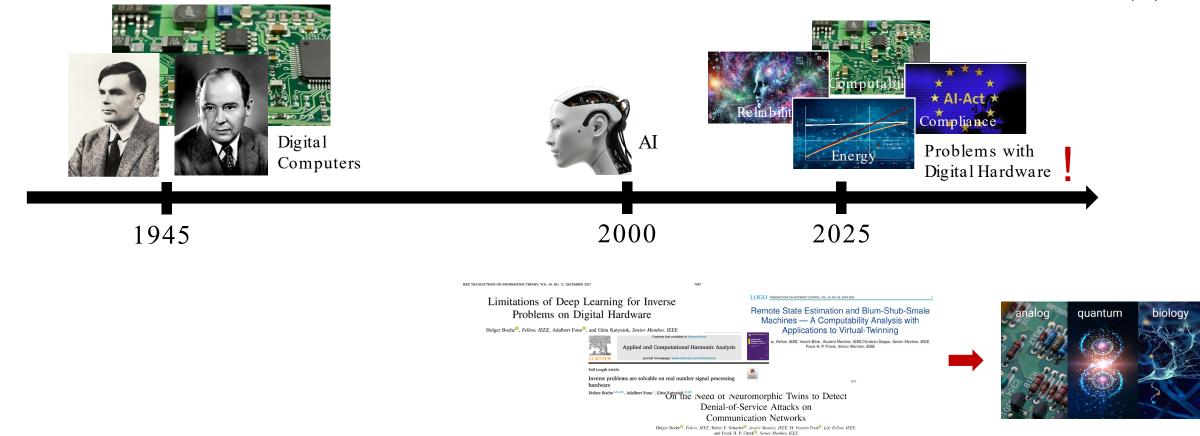
Meta-Result (Singh, Fono, Kutyniok; 2025):

"Spiking neural networks can be emulated by classical artificial ReLU-neural networks, but in many cases, they can be shown to *perform better concerning (energy) efficiency*."



Digital Hardware is a Major Problem!





We need to completely rethink Al-Computing!

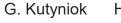






















F. Fitzek



Provably reliable

Al-based communication systems which comply with the EU AI Act!



Comprehensive theory-driven framework for next generation (Green) Al-systems:

Optimally application-adapted hard-software combinations for maximal energy-efficiency and reliability!





worthy medical Al-devices for diagnosis and therapy!



Next generation robotics with reliable robot brains and life-long learning capabilities!









Next Generation AI Computing for a Sustainable Future



Rethinking Intelligence — From Foundational Principles!









Thank you very much for your attention!

References available at:

www.ai.math.lmu.de/kutyniok

Survey Papers:

Berner, Grohs, Kutyniok, Petersen, The Modern Mathematics of Deep Learning, 2021
Fono, Singh, Araya, Petersen, Boche, Kutyniok, Sustainable AI: Mathematical Foundations of Spiking Neural Networks, 2025

Related Book:

Grohs and Kutyniok, eds., Mathematical Aspects of Deep Learning, Cambridge University Press, 2022.